BK 장기연수 결과보고서

| 연수기간 | 2022.09.15 . ~ 2022.10.26. (41 일간) |
|------|--|
| 연수기관 | Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg |
| 연구주제 | Develop AI-based CBCT image motion compensation technology |

1. 연수활동 내용

| 연수목적 | Cooperate the research with the team from the Pattern Recognition unit of FAU to develop AI-based CBCT image motion compensation technology, Workshop on AI-based healthcare data processing and discussion on the direction of collaboration between by the BK21 Four System Health Science & Engineering program at EWHA and the Pattern Recognition unit of FAU. |
|-------------------|---|
| 연수내용 | To develop the deep learning model for the CBCT image motion compensation, the cephalometric landmark of the human head from 2D-space image in multiview are detected with the deep learning model. Then, the detected landmark from all of the view is projected to 3d to calculated the mean average position as a reference position of the human. After that, each 3D reference landmark is projected back to 2D space, and the difference position between the detected landmark and reference point in 2D space is used to compensate the motion of the human during taking the CT scan. |
| 결과 및 시사점 | The head phatom dataset is prepared by labeling 16 cephalometric landmarks on 19 patients. The dataset is divided to training and testing dataset for landmark detection deep learning model. We tested the benchmark detection model based on convolutional neural network (CNN) and transformer network. The HRNet - w32, which is the CNN based model, acheived the best accuracy with 5.2958 ± 7.4726 mm MRE. Then, we used the landmark information that are detected from detection deep learning model to do the motion compensation. Furthermore, we perform the motion compensation with varies scenarios of landmark information, and achieve the best images quality with 0.66656 SSIM, 28.82544 PSNR, 9.43386 RMSE. |
| 향후 연구에 대한 적용방안 | We plan to develop practical deep learning model for CBCT motion compentation to enhance the 3D CT scan quality by reducing the noise from the human motion. |

2. 일자별 활동내역(사진 첨부하여 구체적으로 기술 요망)

2022.09.15 - 2022.09.23

- Confirm the correctness of all 16 cephalometric landmarks of all 19 patients in both 2D and 3D space.
- Found the problem on 2D projection images, i.e., 16 patients with missing landmark and 3 patients with wrong position landmark problems, and summarized all of the problem of each patient.



Missing landmark

Wrong position landmark

2022.09.26 - 2022.09.30

- Solve the missing landmark problem by updating the 3D to 2D projection configuration, and generate the new landmark position and 2D projection images with new configuration for 16 patients.
- Solve the wrong position landmark by updating the landmark position in 3D space, and generate the new 2D projection images for 3 patients.
- Confirmation the correctness of all 16 landmarks of all patients.

| Source to detector dis | stance[mm] 1200.0 | Source to patient distance [mm] | 800.0 600 -> | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Projection stack size | 360 | Number of sweeps | 1 | |
| Rotation axis | [0.0; 0.0; 1.0] | Average angular increment [deg] | 1.0 | |
| Detector offset u [px] | 0.0 | Detector offset v [px] | 0.0 | |
| Detector u direction: | points in the direction of deter | ctor motion | ~ | |
| Detector v direction: | points in rotation axis direction | points in rotation axis direction | | |
| Detector v direction: | points in rotation axis direction | n | × | |



Female1



Male5

2022.10.03 - 2022.10.07

- Generated 3D and 2D head phatom CT images that having the motion during the capturing the images.
- Confirm the correctness on the landmark of the image with motion.

Head Dataset with motion Generation



2022.10.10 - 2022.10.14

- Study deep learning landmark detection model and testing the model on 2D projection images of the head phantom with and without motion.

- The landmark detection deep learning result on 2D projection of head phantom without motion.

| Pixel space = 1mm | | | | Our Head Dataset | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Model | Backbone | Head | Loss | MRE | MRE_std | SDR | | | |
| | | | | | | 2 mm | 2.5 mm | 3 mm | 4 mm |
| Hourglass | Hourglass | Multistagehead_no deconv | MSE Loss | 5.7386 | 7.191 | 18.927 | 27.562 | 36.59 | 52.716 |
| UDNA | HRNet_w32 | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.2958 | 7.4726 | 26.318 | 36.256 | 45.606 | 60.341 |
| HRNet | HRNet_w48 | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.4312 | 6.8733 | 22.051 | 31.244 | 40.617 | 56.464 |
| | HRNet_w18 | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.3461 | 6.8278 | 22.834 | 32.222 | 41.792 | 57.517 |
| HRnet v2 | HRNet_w32 | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 6.1587 | 6.7034 | 12.34 | 18.113 | 25.272 | 41.152 |
| HRFormer | HRFormer_base | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.4656 | 7.0283 | 22.064 | 31.298 | 40.424 | 56.63 |
| | UNet | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 6.6458 | 14.388 | 24.844 | 33.638 | 42.7681 | 57.23 |
| | ResNet50 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.831 | 7.052 | 18.426 | 26.25 | 34.437 | 49.655 |
| | ResNet101 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.9178 | 7.2658 | 19.664 | 27.807 | 36.076 | 50.569 |
| | ResNeXt101 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.8185 | 6.9302 | 18.9 | 27.116 | 35.367 | 50.569 |
| | ShuffleNetv2 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 6.146 | 7.1206 | 16.273 | 23.841 | 31.833 | 46.474 |
| Simple baselines | VGG16 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.5648 | 6.8566 | 20.137 | 28.704 | 37.4788 | 53.0961 |
| | VGG19 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.9852 | 7.0054 | 16.705 | 24.626 | 33.038 | 48.819 |
| | PVT-t | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.851 | 7.0049 | 17.888 | 25.6076 | 33.6747 | 48.7712 |
| | PoolFormer | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 8.8701 | 11.2503 | 10.204 | 15.179 | 20.716 | 32.027 |
| | Conformer | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 6.9051 | 9.9957 | 15.1157 | 22.137 | 29.313 | 43.206 |
| | Proposed Backbone | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.61521 | 6.99756 | 21.206 | 30.052 | 38.565 | 53.906 |
| - The la | ndmark | detection d | eep le | arning | result | on 2D | proje | ction c | of head |

phantom with motion.

| Pixel space = 1mm | 1 | Head | Loss | Our Head Dataset | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------|------------------|----------|--------|--------|---------|-----------------------|
| Model | Backbone | | | MRE | MRE_std | SDR | | | |
| | | | | | | 2 mm | 2.5 mm | 3 mm | 4 mm |
| Hourglass | Hourglass | Multistagehead_no deconv | MSE Loss | 6.27348 | 7.42207 | 17.556 | 25.251 | 32.934 | 47.166 |
| HRNet | HRNet_w32 | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.5032 | 7.1926 | 22.159 | 31.348 | 40.284 | 55.758 |
| | HRNet_w48 | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.5228 | 7.16864 | 21.655 | 30.671 | 39.688 | 55.079 |
| HRnet v2 | HRNet_w18 | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.5377 | 6.9972 | 21.487 | 30.488 | 39.2708 | 54 <mark>.</mark> 619 |
| | HRNet_w32 | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 6.40972 | 6.7658 | 10.611 | 16.451 | 23.885 | 39.724 |
| HRFormer | HRFormer_base | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.77992 | 7.06001 | 20.627 | 29.23 | 37.741 | 52.271 |
| | UNet | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 7.2345 | 16.6094 | 24.649 | 33.302 | 41.252 | 54.834 |
| | ResNet50 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 6.07026 | 7.10619 | 16.985 | 24.437 | 32.249 | 46.435 |
| | ResNet101 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.88554 | 6.95005 | 18.499 | 26.433 | 34.369 | 49.72 |
| | ResNeXt101 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.75776 | 6.88327 | 18.866 | 27.037 | 34.967 | 49.975 |
| Simple Baselines | ShuffleNetv2 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 6.45642 | 7.03618 | 14.182 | 20.584 | 27.35 | 40.309 |
| | VGG16 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.857183 | 6.98984 | 17.739 | 25.731 | 33.725 | 48.846 |
| | VGG19 | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 6.230111 | 7.036603 | 15.741 | 23.221 | 30.586 | 44.763 |
| | PVT-t | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.94703 | 6.89899 | 17.33 | 24.902 | 32.537 | 47.234 |
| | PoolFormer | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 9.41362 | 12.11182 | 9.145 | 13.553 | 18.328 | 28.601 |
| | Conformer | SimpleHead, 0 deconv | MSE Loss | 7.49029 | 10.43431 | 13.688 | 19.979 | 26.51 | 39.159 |
| | Proposed Metho | SimpleHead, 3 deconv | MSE Loss | 5.85627 | 7.13234 | 19.068 | 27.174 | 35.322 | 50.108 |

2022.10.17 - 2022.10.26

- Implement the motion compensation on the head phantom CT images with motion by using the predicted landmarks.
- Testing the motion compensation on the images with varies scenarios that using different information of the landmarks comparing with the original CT images with motion.
- The motion compensation results

| Pixel space = 1mm Detection Method | Detection Backbone | Motion Compensation Method | SSIM | PSNR | RMSE | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------|----------|----------|-----------------|
| in | motion_imaç | je | 0.63254 | 28.46701 | 9.77606 | |
| GT | motion | simple_projection_shifting | 0.62484 | 28.42424 | 9.79799 | all points |
| HRNet | HRNet w_32 | simple_projection_shifting | 0.60188 | 28.07624 | 10.13928 | all points |
| HRNet | HRNet w_32 | simple_projection_shifting | 0.60549 | 28.11445 | 10.10149 | NO_PNS |
| HRNet | HRNet w_32 | simple_projection_shifting | 0.66114 | 28.75221 | 9.50608 | Best 5 |
| HRNet | HRNet w_32 | simple_projection_shifting | 0.66266 | 28.72299 | 9.531891 | Best 5 + bregma |
| HRNet | HRNet w_32 | simple_projection_shifting | 0.65693 | 28.71895 | 9.54638 | Best point |



Without motion image



motion image



GT keypoints



HRNet - Select 5 best Accuracy points



HRNet - keypoints

위와 같이 해외연수 결과보고서를 제출합니다.

HRNet - No PNS

2022 년 11 월 24 일

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